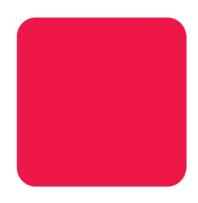
Visitor Attractions Trends in England 2015

Annual Report for Heritage Counts Prepared for Historic England







providing intelligence

1. Introduction and Background

This report presents key tables from the '**historic properties**' element of the Survey of Visits to Visitor Attractions undertaken in England by VisitEngland. The report provides a comprehensive England-wide analysis of attractions and visits in 2015 and trend data.

Visitor Attraction definition

For the purposes of the survey, the definition of a visitor attraction is:

"..an attraction where it is feasible to charge admission for the sole purpose of sightseeing. The attraction must be a permanently established excursion destination, a primary purpose of which is to allow access for entertainment, interest, or education and can include places of worship (but excludes small parish churches); rather than being primarily a retail outlet or a venue for sporting, theatrical, or film performances. It must be open to the public, without prior booking, for published periods each year, and should be capable of attracting day visitors or tourists as well as local residents. In addition, the attraction must be a single business, under a single management, so that it is capable of answering the economic questions on revenue, employment etc."

1.1 Research objectives

The purpose of the survey is to monitor trends in the visitor attraction sector in England and to improve understanding of the dynamics of the sector. The findings contribute to regional and national estimates of the economic impact of tourism and inform regional development and planning work. The results of the survey allow operators to benchmark their operation within their category, within their region and across the sector as a whole.

1.2 Survey method

Since the 2008 survey, attractions have had the option of online survey completion in addition to the postal self-completion survey. All attractions for whom email contacts were held were sent an email invitation to take part, with a link to their attraction's online questionnaire. Attractions not responding were subsequently sent a postal questionnaire alongside attractions for whom no email contacts were held. The majority of attractions now choose to complete the survey online.

BDRC Continental holds the contract for the survey in England and is responsible for the preparation of this report.

1.3 Sample

The following English visitor attraction sub categories were defined as historic properties:

- Castle/fort
- Garden
- Historic house/house and garden/palace
- Heritage/visitor centrePlace of worship
- Other historic property
- Historic monument/archaeological site

1,564 English visitor attractions provided visits figures for the year 2015. Among historic properties, 693 historic properties responded, compared with 735 for the year 2014 and 705 for the year 2013.

Some historic monuments were excluded as they are not physically 'manned', therefore unable to provide visitor numbers.

Given that the value of this report lies predominantly in the assessment of trends over time, perhaps the more important sample size measure is the number of attractions providing admissions information for both 2015 and 2014. In 2015 there were 670 such historic properties. Previous years comparators: 2014 (689), 2013 (652).

Category	Number of attractions that provided data (2015)	Number of attractions that provided data (2014)	Number of attractions that provided data (2013)
Castles/forts	86	93	91
Gardens	85	99	88
Historic houses	260	263	252
Historic monuments	54	52	55
Visitor/heritage centres	88	90	71
Places of worship	51	66	74
Other historic properties	69	72	74
Total	693	735	705

Table A.1 Response by attraction category

1.4 Survey definitions

Attractions were asked to categorise themselves using the following definitions. Guidelines were sent to each attraction along with the questionnaire to assist with this process. In the tables, an asterisk is used to indicate a percentage is less than 0.5%. A plus or minus sign indicates whether the value is positive or negative.

Abbreviation	Category	Description
С	Castles/forts	Castles, forts, citadels, defence towers
G	Gardens	Gardens, arboretums and botanical gardens
HH	Historic houses	Historic houses, historic houses and gardens, palaces, royal residences
HM	Historic monuments	Historic monuments, archaeological sites, standing stones
VC	Visitor/Heritage Centres	Visitor centres, heritage centres, information/orientation centres, park ranger centres, cultural interpretation centres
WO	Places of Worship	Cathedrals, churches, chapels and other attractions of any religion that are still in use as places of worship
OHP	Other historic properties	Historic ships, lighthouses, windmills, watermills, historic workplaces

Abbreviation EAST	Government Office Region East	Counties/unitary authorities within region Counties: Bedfordshire, Cambridgeshire, Essex, Hertfordshire, Norfolk, Suffolk
EM	East Midlands	UAs: Luton, Peterborough, Southend-on-Sea, Thurrock Counties: Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire, Northamptonshire, Nottinghamshire UAs: Derby, Leicester, Nottingham, Rutland
LON	London	All Greater London boroughs
NE	North East	Counties: County Durham, Northumberland
		UAs: Darlington, Hartlepool, Middlesborough, Redcar & Cleveland, Stockton-on-Tees
		Former Met.: Type and Wear (Gateshead, Newcastle, N Typeside, S
		Tyneside, Sunderland)
NW	North West	Counties: Cheshire, Cumbria, Lancashire
		UAs: Blackburn with Darwen, Blackpool, Halton, Warrington
		Former Met.: Greater Manchester (Bolton, Bury, Manchester, Oldham, Rochdale, Salford, Stockport, Tameside, Trafford, Wigan), Merseyside
		(Liverpool, Knowsley, Sefton, St Helens, Wirral)
SE	South East	Counties: Buckinghamshire, East Sussex, Hampshire, Kent, Oxfordshire,
		Surrey, West Sussex
		UAs: Bracknell Forest, Brighton & Hove, Isle of Wight, Medway, Milton
		Keynes, Portsmouth, Reading, Slough, Southampton W. Berkshire, Windsor & Maidenhead, Wokingham
SW	South West	Counties: Cornwall, Devon, Dorset, Gloucestershire, Somerset, Wiltshire,
en		Isles of Scilly
		UAs: Bath & NE Somerset, Bournemouth, Bristol, N Somerset, Plymouth,
		Poole, Swindon, Torbay, S Gloucestershire
WM	West Midlands	Counties: Shropshire, Staffordshire, Warwickshire, Worcestershire
		UAs: Herefordshire, Stoke-on-Trent, Telford & Wrekin Former Met.: West Midlands (Birmingham, Coventry, Dudley, Sandwell,
		Solihull, Walsall, Wolverhampton)
Y&H	Yorkshire/ The Humber	Counties: North Yorkshire
		UAs: East Riding of Yorkshire, Kingston-upon-Hull, NE Lincolnshire, N
		Lincolnshire, York
		Former Met.: South Yorkshire (<i>Barnsley, Doncaster, Rotherham, Sheffield</i>) West Yorkshire (<i>Bradford, Calderdale, Kirklees, Leeds, Wakefield</i>)
		West Toristille (Diautora, Galderdale, Miklees, Leeds, Wakelleid)

2. Main Tables

2.1 Geographical distribution of historic properties

Table A.2 illustrates the distribution of historic properties by category type within each Government Office Region (GOR).

Table A.2Geographic distribution of historic properties – by GOR

	TOTAL	N.	E.	N.\	N.	Y8	Н	E.I	И.	W.I	М.	Ea	st	Lo	n	S.I	Ε.	S.V	v.
	No.	No.	%																
Castles/forts	86	16	31	4	7	10	16	5	7	6	8	5	7	1	2	19	15	20	15
Gardens	85	4	8	3	5	7	11	3	4	10	13	12	18	2	5	20	15	24	18
Historic houses	260	9	18	30	50	18	29	33	49	40	52	15	22	23	52	51	39	41	31
Historic monuments	54	5	10	2	3	9	14	3	4	6	8	9	13	5	11	6	5	9	7
Visitor/heritage centres	88	3	6	14	23	10	16	12	18	6	8	10	15	3	7	11	8	19	14
Places of worship	51	9	18	4	7	5	8	3	4	5	6	4	6	6	14	8	6	7	5
Other historic properties	69	5	10	3	5	4	6	8	12	4	5	13	19	4	9	16	12	12	9
TOTAL	693	51		60		63		67		77		68		44		131		132	
Total % of attractions	100	7		9		9		10		11		10		6		19		19	

2.2 Visitor numbers to historic properties

Table A.3 illustrates the numbers and profile of visits (paid and free) to historic properties by category type among responding attractions. The trend data (% change 14/15) reports the change in visits among attractions that have provided visits figures for both 2014 and 2015.

Table A.3Visits to historic properties

	Sample	% of visits	Average no. of visits	Total visits	% change 14/15
SAMPLE		(61.3m)	(61.3m at 693	(61.3m at 693	
			sites)	sites)	
Castles/forts	86	12%	85,000	7,376,000	-3
Gardens	85	15%	111,000	9,493,000	+7
Historic houses	260	37%	86,000	22,559,000	+3
Historic monuments	54	6%	70,000	3,801,000	+4
Visitor/heritage centres	88	7%	47,000	4,198,000	+3
Places of worship	51	13%	162,000	8,256,000	_*
Other historic properties	69	9%	81,000	5,591,000	+1
TOTAL HISTORIC	693	100%	88,000	61,274,000	+2
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	1,564	N/A	127,000	198,537,000	+2

Table A.4 examines numbers of visits to historic property types within each Government Office Region.

Data in 000s	Total	N.E.	N.W.	Y&H	E.M.	W.M.	East	Lon	S.E.	S.W.
Castles/forts	7,376	646	150	528	194	259	134	2,785	1,627	1,053
Gardens	9,493	354	118	1,221	63	251	569	1,326	2,634	2,956
Historic houses	22,559	572	2,327	981	2,712	3,399	1,151	2,803	5,195	3,419
Historic monuments	3,801	102	14	247	411	50	91	1,086	174	1,626
Visitor/heritage centres	4,198	34	842	480	201	312	672	515	455	688
Places of worship	8,256	1,461	434	76	277	155	283	3,520	1,207	842
Other historic properties	5,591	37	218	406	176	38	406	3,348	349	612
TOTAL HISTORIC	61,274	3,206	4,104	3,939	4,034	4,464	3,307	15,383	11,641	11,197
Total % of visits	100	5	7	6	7	7	5	25	19	18
% change 14/15	+2	+4	+2	+7	+10	+4	+1	-5	+5	+7
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	198,537	10,633	19,274	16,309	10,126	15,018	13,269	61,259	29,395	23,255
Total % of visits	100	5	10	8	5	8	7	31	15	12
% change 14/15	+2	+3	+4	+2	+6	+6	+3	-3	+3	+6

Table A.4 Visits to historic properties – by GOR

2.3 Visitor numbers to historic properties

Attractions were asked to estimate the proportion of its visits accounted for by overseas visitors and by local/day trip visitors. Table A.5 illustrates the results within each historic property category.

Table A.5Origin of visitors to historic properties

	% overseas	%	% local/day	% other UK
		14/15	trip	
Castles/forts	14	-15	41	45
Gardens	12	+41	61	26
Historic houses	9	+12	63	27
Historic monuments	41	+3	32	27
Visitor/heritage centres	13	+15	56	31
Places of worship	22	-6	51	28
Other historic properties	10	-13	72	18
TOTAL HISTORIC	15	+2	56	28
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	19	+4	59	22

Table A.5a Trends in origin of visitors to historic properties

	Overseas	Local/day trip
	% change	% change
2008-9	-3	+17
2009-10	+11	+4
2010-11	+12	+5
2011-12	-1	-6
2012-13	+2	+11
2013-14	-*	+7
2014-15	+2	+7

Table A.6 examines the origin of visitors by Government Office Region.

Table A.6Origin of visitors to historic properties – by GOR

	% overseas	% local/day trip	% other UK
North East	10	44	46
North West	7	70	24
Yorkshire and The Humber	8	67	25
East Midlands	9	61	30
West Midlands	5	63	32
East	11	71	18
London	21	67	12
South East	18	56	26
South West	21	40	39
TOTAL HISTORIC	15	56	28

2.4 Free/paid admission to historic properties

Attractions were asked whether they charged admission to the main attraction in 2015. Table A.7 illustrates the proportions of attractions and visits that were paid or free admission within each historic property type.

	Free Adm	nission	Paid Admission			
	% of attractions	% of visits	% of attractions	% of visits		
Castles/forts	8	3	92	97		
Gardens	9	5	91	95		
Historic houses	7	4	93	96		
Historic monuments	20	11	80	89		
Visitor/heritage centres	51	47	49	53		
Places of worship	86	41	14	59		
Other historic properties	26	53	74	47		
TOTAL HISTORIC	22	17	78	83		
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	37	53	63	47		

Table A.7 Free/paid admission to historic properties

2.5 Admission prices to historic properties

Table A.8 examines the average admission prices charged by attractions in each historic property category type in 2015. Prices for both adults and children exclude free attractions. N.B. Attractions that charged for adults but not children are included within the adult category but excluded from the child category.

Table A.8 Average admission price to historic properties (attractions charging)

	Sample (adult paid attractions)	Average adult admission charge	Average child admission charge	Adult/child charge ratio
Castles/forts	(78)	£6.25	£3.70	59%
Gardens	(72)	£7.50	£3.70	49%
Historic houses	(218)	£8.77	£4.59	52%
Historic monuments	(43)	£5.10	£3.10	61%
Visitor/heritage centres	(41)	£6.01	£4.21	70%
Places of worship	(4)	£9.00	£4.88	54%
Other historic properties	(44)	£6.00	£3.87	65%
TOTAL HISTORIC	(500)	£7.41	£4.05	55%
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	(908)	£8.21	£5.45	66%

Table A.8a Trends in average adult admission prices to historic properties

	Adult admission fees
	% change
2008-9	+4
2009-10	+5
2010-11	+6
2011-12	+5
2012-13	+4
2013-14	+4
2014-15	+5

2.6 Revenue of historic properties

Attractions were asked to indicate whether their gross revenue had increased, decreased or remained similar to that of 2015. Table A.9 illustrates the results by historic property category type.

Table A.9Gross revenue trend at historic properties 2014-2015

	Sample	% Increase	% Similar	% Decrease	%14/15 change
Castles/forts	(78)	37	14	49	-1
Gardens	(65)	58	29	12	+5
Historic houses	(168)	46	31	23	+2
Historic monuments	(48)	38	19	44	+1
Visitor/heritage centres	(78)	55	26	19	+13
Places of worship	(42)	29	57	14	+2
Other historic properties	(51)	37	43	20	+3
TOTAL HISTORIC	(530)	45	30	26	+4
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	(1,237)	46	35	19	+5

Table A.10 below examines the gross revenue trends of historic properties within each Government Office Region.

	Sample	% Increase	% Similar	% Decrease	% 14/15 change
North East	(41)	39	41	20	-1
North West	(43)	40	40	21	-1
Yorkshire and The Humber	(54)	46	26	28	+3
East Midlands	(48)	33	40	27	+2
West Midlands	(62)	42	32	26	+6
East	(57)	44	33	23	+7
London	(31)	39	29	32	+*
South East	(90)	48	20	32	+7
South West	(104)	55	23	22	+4
TOTAL HISTORIC	(530)	45	30	26	+4
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	(1,237)	46	35	19	+5

Table A.10 Gross revenue trend at historic properties 2014-2015 – by GOR

2.7 School and educational visits to historic properties

Properties were asked to record the number of schoolchildren visiting their property in 2015. Table A.15a below illustrates results for the 522 attractions with visiting school children who responded to the question:

- The average number of school children visiting each category type e.g. those castles / forts open to school children visits attracted an average of 3,200 school visits in 2015. Across all historic attractions open to school visits, an average of 3,000 school visits were made;
- However, this average is skewed by a small number of large attractions with very high numbers of school visits. A better reflection of a 'typical' number of school visits to an average attraction might be generated by the median number of visits i.e. if all attractions were ordered in terms of their school visit numbers, how many school visits does the attraction that falls exactly at the midpoint in this ordering attract?
- Total school children visits within each attraction category reflects the total number of school visits to attractions responding to this question;
- The percentage change in school visits examines those attractions responding to this question in both 2014 and 2015 and looks at the overall change in school visits for these attractions e.g. the number of school visits to castles responding in both 2014 and 2015 decreased by -9%.

	Sample	Average no. of school children visits	Median no. of school children visits	Total school children visits	% change 14/15
Castles/forts	(78)	3,200	1,100	247,000	-9
Gardens	(60)	3,300	150	200,000	+11
Historic houses	(160)	1,800	300	292,000	-8
Historic monuments	(51)	5,500	400	280,000	+1
Visitor/heritage centres	(79)	2,100	200	169,000	+6
Places of worship	(43)	5,400	1,000	230,000	-6
Other historic properties	(51)	2,400	200	124,000	-10
TOTAL HISTORIC	(522)	3,000	400	1,543,000	-3
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	(1,239)	4,800	500	5,941,000	-1

Table A.15a School visits to historic properties – by property type

Table A.15b illustrates both the average and total numbers of schoolchildren visiting each region among the 522 attractions with visiting schoolchildren answering the question.

Table A.15b School visits to historic properties – by region

	Sample	Average no. of school children	Median no. of school	Total school children visits	% change
		visits	children visits		14/15
North East	(40)	1,700	600	68,000	_*
North West	(47)	2,400	400	115,000	-18
Yorkshire and The Humber	(54)	2,000	500	107,000	-15
East Midlands	(48)	700	100	35,000	+3
West Midlands	(57)	2,500	300	140,000	-20
East	(60)	1,800	200	110,000	+47
London	(31)	9,900	1,200	306,000	-4
South East	(91)	4,000	200	368,000	-7
South West	(94)	3,100	600	294,000	+7
TOTAL HISTORIC	(522)	3,000	400	1,543,000	-3
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	(1,239)	4,800	500	5,941,000	-1

2.8 Expenditure on marketing by historic properties

Table A.16a examines the movement in marketing spend at historic properties between 2014 and 2015. Attractions were asked to indicate whether spend had increased, decreased or remained similar compared with 2014.

	Sample	% Increase	% Similar	% Decrease
Castles/forts	(79)	8	89	4
Gardens	(62)	27	65	8
Historic houses	(175)	15	77	8
Historic monuments	(49)	10	84	6
Visitor/heritage centres	(77)	27	62	10
Places of worship	(42)	14	81	5
Other historic properties	(53)	21	75	4
TOTAL HISTORIC	(537)	17	76	7
TOTAL ATTRACTIONS	(1,276)	19	72	9

Table A.16a Movement in spend on marketing at historic properties 2014-2015

Table A.16b Trends in marketing spend by historic properties

	% up	% down
2008-9	19	7
2009-10	16	9
2010-11	16	10
2011-12	16	15
2012-13	15	10
2013-14	13	8
2014-15	17	7

2.9 Provision of digital communications

Attractions taking part in the 2015 survey were asked about the services that they offered across five dimensions.

Category	Castles/ forts ¹	Gardens	Historic houses	Historic monuments ¹	Visitor / heritage centres	Places of worship	Other historic properties	Total Historic	Total Attractions
Sample	(82)	(65)	(184)	(50)	(83)	(48)	(56)	(568)	(1,350)
ANY (*excl. website/ online booking)	94	86	90	90	84	65	68	85	85
Website*	96	97	97	92	88	90	84	93	93
Facebook page	90	75	81	86	78	58	66	78	78
Twitter account	85	75	76	82	57	42	55	70	67
E-newsletters	73	46	52	70	30	38	27	49	43
Online booking*	6	28	36	12	19	19	20	23	29
Online blogs	71	26	38	78	13	10	14	36	32
YouTube	70	15	35	72	17	21	18	36	32
Mobile apps	74	22	36	66	11	10	23	36	20
Mobile website	5	15	12	4	6	2	11	9	12
Instagram/Pinterest	10	31	27	8	14	8	14	19	22
Other social media	2	8	11	4	7	-	4	7	10

Table A.17a Provision of digital communications in 2015 by attraction category (%)

¹ EH accounts for most castles/forts/monuments

2.10 Other activities offered by historic properties

Attractions taking part in the 2015 survey were also asked about additional activities offered.

Table A.18a Additional activities offered in 2015 by attraction category (%)

Category	Castles/ forts	Gardens	Historic houses	Historic monuments	Visitor / heritage centres	Places of worship	Other historic properties	Total Historic	Total Attractions
Sample	(81)	(63)	(182)	(50)	(82)	(46)	(53)	(557)	(1,336)
ANY	96	87	95	96	93	85	85	92	92
Membership schemes	88	71	76	74	46	22	51	66	58
Public events	86	40	60	76	49	57	53	60	54
Retail shop	33	59	63	24	65	61	47	53	64
Café/ restaurant	38	78	64	18	44	41	32	50	50
Temporary exhibitions	12	38	45	16	54	59	32	38	45
Public venue hire	25	43	47	20	12	54	42	38	35
Activity/ play area for children	49	38	43	32	29	26	21	37	40
Corporate events	19	19	32	20	15	28	32	25	30
Late or unusual opening hours	5	27	16	8	16	17	19	15	21
Multi-attraction pass	2	10	15	10	1	7	11	9	8

Appendix 1

As responding historic properties tend to vary between years, operators are asked in each survey year to provide the number of visits for both the survey year and the previous year. This enables the trend between any two years to be calculated based on the same historic properties.

Table A.19 shows the indexed trend based on the visits (see Table A.21) given by responding historic properties. Because the number of responding historic properties differs each year (see Table A.20), the percentage change between any two years is applied each time to the previous year's index to take account of the varying sample sizes each year.

A base index of 100 was set in 1989, both overall and for each attraction category. The table shows percentage increases year-on-year from that point onwards. For example, visits to castles / forts increased by +3% between 1989 and 1990 (among the sample of castles / forts responding in both 1989 and 1990), therefore increasing the index from 100 to 103. The following year, visits to castles / forts decreased by -7% (among the sample of castles / forts responding in both 1991), therefore bringing the index down from 103 to 96.

In this way, long term trends within each category can be established by comparing any individual year with any other year. Basing these indices on pairs of years rather than a constant sample over many years is a better reflection of the actual state of the industry, since this method constantly takes into account the opening of new attractions and the closing of old ones and ensures that base sizes for each year are kept at a robust level.



Table A.19 Index – By historic property category

Data Year	Castles/ forts	Gardens	Historic houses	Historic monuments	Visitor/heritage centres	Places of worship	Other historic properties	Total historic	Total attractions
1989	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1990	103	105	100	102	103	103	101	102	102
1991	96	104	100	98	112	95	105	99	102
1992	99	104	99	99	124	97	100	100	103
1993	102	111	100	101	132	96	102	102	104
1994	106	113	99	99	134	97	97	103	106
1995	111	122	103	99	142	90	102	104	107
1996	113	121	105	103	151	94	97	107	108
1997	113	121	105	108	141	89	97	105	106
1998	115	112	102	107	140	87	95	103	104
1999	111	118	105	108	148	72	95	100	104
2000	106	115	100	108	140	70	90	96	103
2001	98	132	94	86	130	66	93	92	100
2002	99	154	107	98	143	66	93	99	109
2003	102	162	113	97	152	62	99	102	112
2004	103	151	111	96	156	63	106	101	113
2005	98	163	109	94	162	65	110	102	113
2006	99	159	110	96	163	67	121	104	117
2007	97	167	113	124	182	67	117	106	120
2008	97	170	113	124	193	71	121	108	123
2009	108	186	127	134	202	75	122	117	129
2010	103	177	129	136	197	78	158	119	133
2011	108	193	138	147	202	83	175	127	137
2012	100	189	132	144	198	81	177	123	136
2013	111	193	139	162	211	91	193	132	142
2014	118	203	146	170	232	86	195	136	148
2015	115	217	151	177	240	86	197	139	150

Table A.20 shows the number of responding historic properties in each survey year. Each property is asked to provide visits figures for both the survey year and the previous year in order to enable visits trends to be calculated based on the same properties. Numbers below show the number of properties within each category who responded both for the current year and previous year.

Survey Castles Gardens Historic **Historic** Visitor/ Places Other Total Data monuments historic England Year Year / forts houses heritage of centres worship properties historic properties 1989/90 1990/1 1991/2 1992/3 1993/4 1994/5 1995/6 1996/7 1997/8 1,077 1998/9 1,108 1999/ 1,017 2000/1 1,005 2001/2 2002/3 2003/4 2004/5 2005/6 2006/7 2007/8 2008/9 2009/10 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15

Table A.20Number of responding historic properties providing visits figures 1989-2015

Table A.21 shows the number of visits to responding historic properties. (Note: it does not include estimates of non-responding properties. Therefore these figures do not represent the total market).

Table A.21Number of visits to responding England historic properties 1989-2015(millions)

Survey Year	Data Year	Castles/ forts	Gardens	Historic houses	Historic monuments	Visitor/ heritage centres	Places of worship	Other historic properties	Total England historic properties
	1989	8.9	4.9	12.0	3.6	2.7	13.6	2.7	48.4
1990	1990	9.2	5.1	12.0	3.7	2.8	14.0	2.7	49.5
	1990	9.3	5.3	12.4	3.7	2.8	14.7	3.0	51.1
1991	1991	8.6	5.2	12.5	3.6	3.0	13.6	3.2	49.6
	1991	8.3	6.1	12.5	3.4	3.1	17.3	3.0	53.6
1992	1992	8.6	6.0	12.3	3.5	3.4	17.8	2.9	54.4
	1992	8.8	6.3	12.6	3.4	4.7	18.2	3.0	57.1
1993	1993	9.1	6.8	12.7	3.5	5.0	18.0	3.1	58.1
	1993	9.3	7.4	13.0	3.5	6.4	18.3	3.5	61.4
1994	1994	9.6	7.5	13.0	3.4	6.5	18.5	3.3	61.8
	1994	9.6	7.8	13.1	3.5	6.9	18.8	3.3	63.1
1995	1995	10.1	8.4	13.7	3.5	7.3	17.4	3.5	64.0
	1995	10.2	8.4	14.2	3.4	7.6	17.7	3.4	65.0
1996	1996	10.5	8.3	14.4	3.6	8.1	18.4	3.2	66.5
	1996	10.6	8.3	14.8	3.1	9.1	18.2	3.2	67.4
1997	1997	10.6	8.4	14.9	3.3	8.5	17.4	3.2	66.2
	1997	10.8	9.5	14.7	3.4	9.6	17.5	3.5	69.0
1998	1998	11.0	8.8	14.2	3.4	9.5	17.1	3.4	67.4
	1998	10.9	9.0	15.3	3.7	9.8	17.7	3.6	70.0
1999	1999	10.5	9.5	15.9	3.7	10.4	14.6	3.5	68.2
	1999	10.2	9.2	16.1	3.3	9.1	14.7	3.4	66.2
2000	2000	9.9	9.0	15.4	3.3	8.5	14.3	3.3	63.6
	2000	9.8	8.5	15.5	4.5	8.3	14.9	2.5	64.3
2001	2001	9.0	10.2	14.5	3.5	7.7	14.2	2.6	61.8

	2001	8.6	8.2	13.2	3.4	4.6	11.4	2.1	51.5
2002	2002	8.7	9.5	15.0	3.9	5.1	11.3	2.1	55.5
	2002	8.7	9.8	15.3	4.1	5.6	11.4	2.5	57.4
2003	2003	8.9	10.3	16.3	4.0	5.9	10.8	2.7	58.9
	2003	7.2	11.4	17.3	3.1	5.7	9.5	2.6	56.7
2004	2004	7.3	10.6	17.0	3.1	5.8	9.6	2.8	56.2
	2004	7.1	9.0	16.5	3.0	5.0	9.4	3.0	53.0
2005	2005	6.7	9.7	16.3	3.0	5.2	9.7	3.1	53.7
	2000	•	•		0.0	0			
2006	2005	4.4	8.9	18.9	3.2	4.1	10.6	8.5	58.6
2000	2006	4.5	8.7	19.1	3.3	4.1	10.9	9.4	59.9
	2000	4.0	0.7	13.1	5.5	7.1	10.5	5.4	55.5
2007	2006	6.6	9.4	12.9	-	1.7	8.8	2.7	42.1
2007	2000	6.5	9.4 9.9	13.3	-	1.7	8.8	2.6	43.0
	2007	0.5	9.9	13.5	-	1.9	0.0	2.0	43.0
2009	2007	2.6	0.6	107	2.2	4.0	6.0	2.6	40.7
2008	2007	3.6	8.6	12.7	2.3	4.0	6.8	2.6	40.7
	2008	3.6	8.7	12.8	2.3	4.3	7.2	2.7	41.6
			7.0	10.0	0.7	0 4			10.0
2009	2008	4.4	7.0	16.8	2.7	2.4	9.3	3.3	46.0
	2009	4.9	7.7	18.9	3.0	2.6	9.8	3.2	50.0
2010	2009	5.1	9.1	16.7	2.8	3.0	9.1	2.7	48.4
	2010	4.9	8.6	17.1	2.9	2.9	9.5	3.5	49.2
2011	2010	4.5	8.8	22.7	2.7	4.7	9.2	3.4	56.1
	2011	4.7	9.6	24.2	2.9	4.8	9.9	3.8	60.0
2012	2011	7.5	9.4	21.5	3.0	4.4	8.5	4.6	58.9
	2012	7.0	9.2	20.7	2.9	4.3	8.3	4.6	57.1
2013	2012	6.6	9.1	17.6	3.1	4.5	8.1	4.0	52.9
	2013	7.3	9.3	18.5	3.4	4.8	9.1	4.3	56.7
2014	2013	7.3	12.2	20.0	3.4	3.8	10.4	4.7	61.7
	2014	7.7	12.7	21.0	3.6	4.1	9.9	4.7	63.7
2015	2014	7.5	8.9	21.7	3.6	4.0	8.3	5.5	59.5
	2015	7.4	9.5	22.6	3.8	4.2	8.3	5.6	61.3

Table A.22Index – By regionTrends in no. of visits to England historic properties 2000-2015Indices 2000=100Constant samples (from one year to next only)

Data Year	North East	North West	Yorks & Humber	East Mids	West Mids	East	London	South East	South West	Total England
2000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2001	87	95	86	91	93	95	98	95	92	96
2002	121	110	91	109	96	95	100	100	99	104
2003	138	114	95	115	96	94	103	105	96	107
2004	135	115	98	112	97	87	109	103	92	106
2005	140	123	100	113	103	88	108	106	89	107
2006	140	135	102	114	101	87	115	103	90	109
2007	149	139	103	121	109	84	117	105	90	111
2008	145	143	108	125	118	87	132	104	88	113
2009	160	155	117	132	134	93	138	117	95	123
2010	153	151	118	136	136	96	147	115	98	125
2011	153	158	120	145	148	106	160	127	101	134
2012	142	167	116	142	147	100	154	122	97	130
2013	159	165	120	155	151	108	175	130	101	139
2014	164	185	122	152	160	116	177	125	104	143
2015	171	188	130	167	167	117	169	131	111	147

Table A.23Index – By regionTrends in no. of SCHOOL VISITS to England historic properties 2001-2015Indices 2001=100Constant samples (from one year to next only)

Data Year	North East	North West	Yorks & Humber	East Mids	West Mids	East	London	South East	South West	Total England
2001	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2002	93	113	106	95	102	73	97	97	105	99
2003	96	116	105	86	100	89	117	98	112	104
2004	93	112	90	94	97	102	106	105	123	107

2005	104	111	95	92	105	97	110	107	120	109
2006	85	87	81	109	108	102	98	106	127	106
2007	87	97	79	109	101	103	105	114	126	109
2008	89	109	52	101	129	103	100	113	125	106
2009	77	169	46	98	125	109	153	86	131	103
2010	75	195	64	78	121	113	161	84	133	103
2011	80	206	69	66	143	118	180	80	119	104
2012	66	202	63	69	146	130	173	70	102	96
2013	89	212	71	77	152	140	177	80	105	104
2014	78	216	66	76	146	133	172	80	107	102
2015	78	178	56	79	116	195	165	74	114	99

Table A.24Index – By historic property categoryTrends in no. of SCHOOL VISITS to England historic properties 2001-2015Indices 2001=100Constant samples (from one year to next only)

Data Year	Castles/ forts	Gardens	Historic houses	Historic monuments	Visitor/heritage centres	Places of worship	Other historic properties	Total England historic properties
2001	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2002	99	105	117	99	110	79	73	99
2003	98	113	120	107	119	77	93	104
2004	101	116	119	115	100	88	122	107
2005	97	145	119	122	113	87	128	109
2006	95	153	116	123	93	96	131	106
2007	94	167	119	168	94	102	126	109
2008	94	160	111	184	97	95	127	106
2009	81	163	142	172	81	100	88	103
2010	72	186	142	192	89	94	111	103
2011	106	170	113	230	100	101	130	104
2012	92	161	97	207	102	101	126	96
2013	103	166	133	222	100	101	122	104
2014	92	173	122	246	106	104	121	102
2015	90	192	113	248	112	98	109	99