ANCIENT MONUMENTS LABORATORY

REPORT

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SERIES/No

CONTRACTOR

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TITLE

Roman mortarium from Gilslandy Cumbria

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Hard, fairly smooth slightly micaceous fabric, pinkishwhite (between Munsell 7.57R NS/ and 8/2) throughout. The
trituration grits are mainly composed of sandstone, red iron
ore, shale, coarse sand, pebbles and at least one fragment of
basalt. All the grits appear well-vorn and they may have been
obtained from river-gravels. The assemblage as a whole suggests
derivation from the New Red Sandstone. Deposits of NRS occur
in the Carlisle area, which might favour a local origin for this
mortarium. A thin section was made of the vessel itself, and
studied under the petrological microscope. This revealed numerous
quartz grains, average size 0.150m and under, with a scatter of
slightly larger grains, together with flecks of mica, iron ore
and sandstone. This would again suggest an origin in a region
containing quantities of sandstone - such as the Carlisle area.